

European Parliament Intergroup

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Pathogenic biofilms on Baltic Sea microplastics



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The relation of microplastics and microorganisms is long-

known

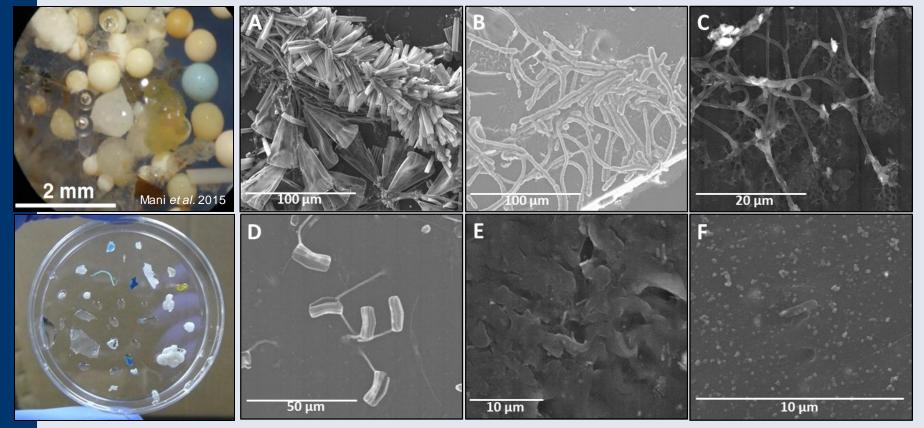
Plastics on the Sargasso Sea Surface

Abstract. Plastic particles, in concentrations averaging 3500 pieces and 290 grams per square kilometer, are widespread in the western Sargasso Sea. Pieces are brittle, apparently due to the weathering of the plasticizers, and many are in a pellet shape about 0.25 to 0.5 centimeters

The particles are surfaces for the attachment of diatoms and hydroids. Increasing production of plastics, combined with present waste-disposal practices, will undoubtedly lead to increases in the concentration of these particles. Plastics could be a source of some of the polychlorinated biphenyls recently observed in oceanic organisms.

Carpenter & Smith (1972) Science 175(4027): 1240-1241

Oberbeckmann et al. 2014 FEMS



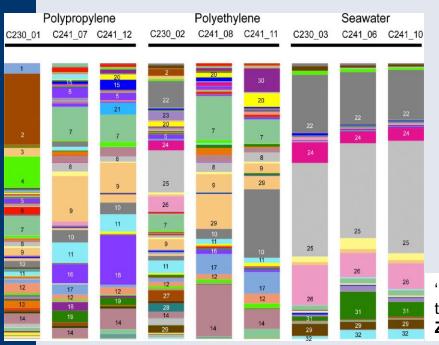


Hazard potential of plastic biofilms

Drifting plastic debris as a potential vector for dispersing Harmful Algal Bloom (HAB) species*

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Dangerous hitchhikers? Evidence for potentially pathogenic *Vibrio* spp. on microplastic particles

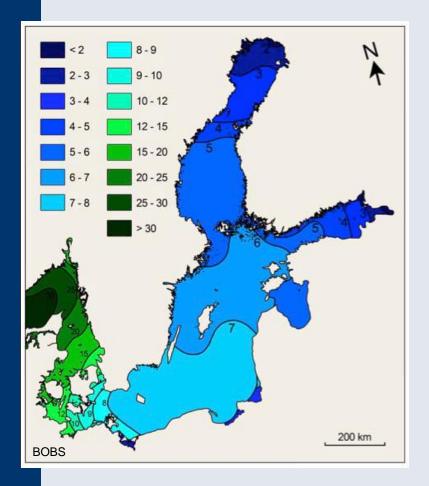


Inga V. Kirstein ^{a, *, 1}, Sidika Kirmizi ^{a, 1}, Antje Wichels ^a, Alexa Garin-Fernandez ^a, Rene Erler ^a, Martin Löder ^{a, b}, Gunnar Gerdts ^a

'...dominance of a member of the genus *Vibrio* that constituted nearly 24% of the PP sample' **Zettler** *et al* **2013**



Hazard potential of plastic biofilms in the Baltic Sea



Baltic Sea is optimal habitat for *Vibrio* spp.

→ do they use MP as vector?



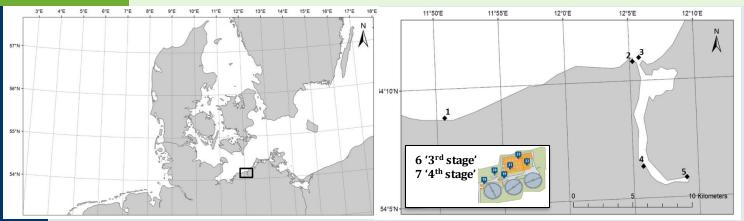
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Research question: What is the relevance of microplastics (MP) as vector for specific microbial assemblages?





Incubation of plastic and natural pellets along gradient







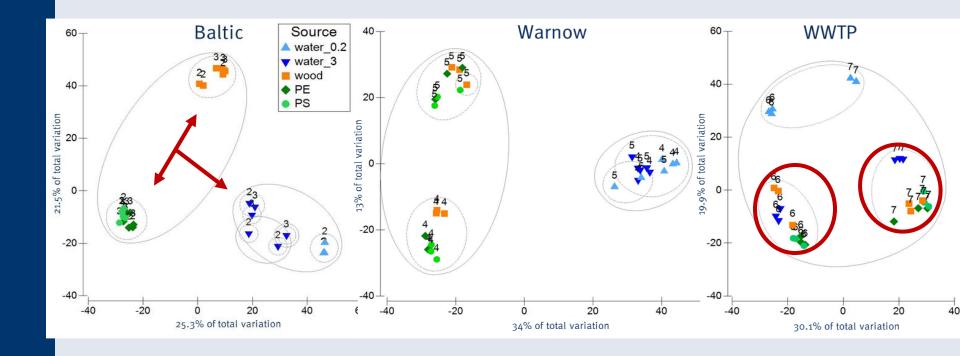
2 weeks incubation
PE, PS, wood Ø 3mm
Water (3μm, 0.2μm)
16S, 18S, Metagenomes, Metaproteomes, Cultivation
Environmental metadata



Microplastics can serve as vector for specific assemblages

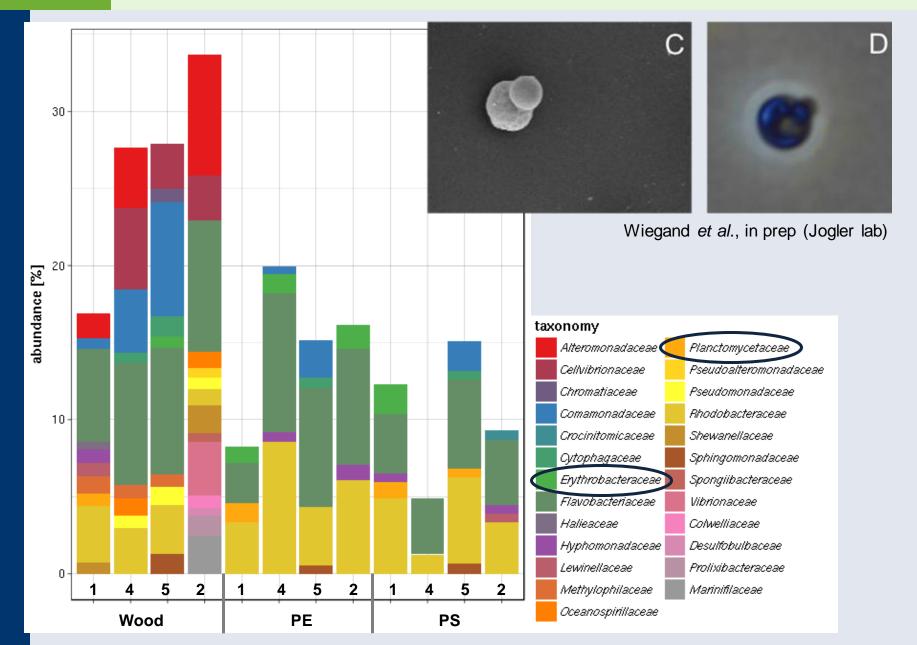
Nutrients

Salinity



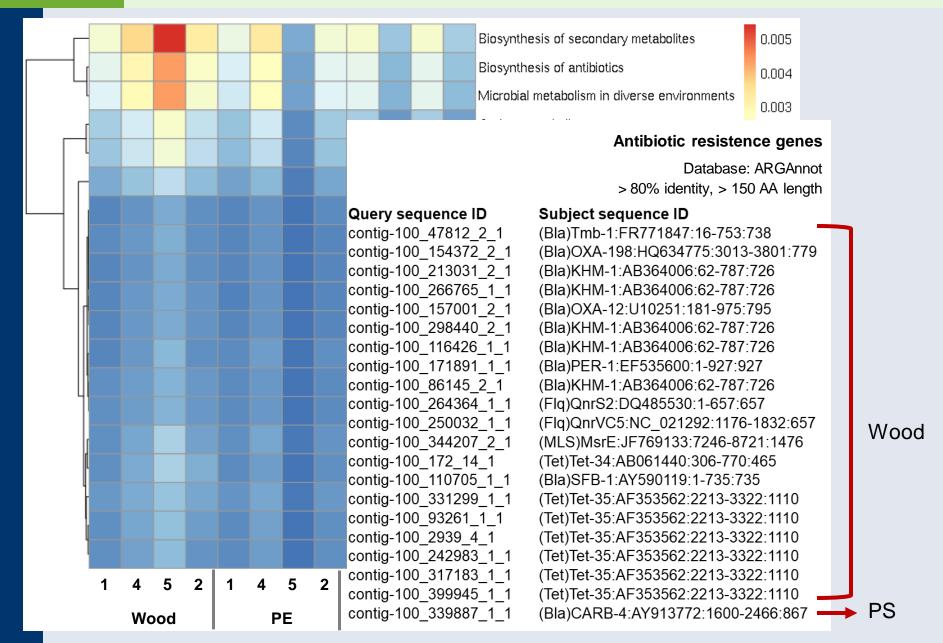


Most abundant prokaryotic taxa (metagenome)





Functional overview (metagenomes)



LEIBNIZ-INSTITUT FÜR OSTSEEFORSCHUNG WARNEMÜNDE

Take home message

- ➤ Vector function of MP for pathogenic bacteria and ARG low compared to natural substrate
- >Important processes on MP: photosynthesis, transport
- ➤ Relevance of MP as vector for specific assemblages depends on environmental conditions
- Further investigations of ecological role crucial, esp. in low-nutrient, high-plastic-concentration areas



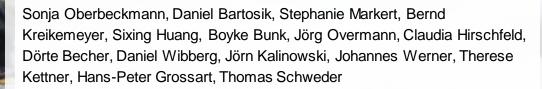
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...and you for the attention!





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